

DEFENCE UNEXPLODED ORDNANCE WEBSITE ORDNANCE INFORMATION SHEET

ALL UXO MAY BE HAZARDOUS IF DISTURBED DO NOT TOUCH – TAKE A PHOTO – MARK THE LOCATION – CALL THE POLICE

AIRCRAFT PROJECTILE - 30MM HIGH EXPLOSIVE INCENDIARY

Description

- The 30mm High Explosive Incendiary (HEI) is a projectile fired by the automatic guns of numerous Australian/Allied aircraft. These munitions have been used from WWII to the present.
- Australian aircraft fitted with the 30mm gun included the CAC Sabre (1950s-60s; 2 x 30mm Aden cannons), Dassault/GAF Mirage (1960s-80s; twin 30mm DEFA cannons), Eurocopter Tiger (2000 to Present; 30mm cannon in chin turret) and BAE Hawk 127 (2000 to Present; 30mm Aden cannon).
- The 30mm projectile is also used by other Allies' equipment exercising in Australia e.g. US and Singaporean AH-64 Apache helicopter with their LW30mm M230 Chain Gun, 30mm Mk44 Bushmaster II on the US Navy San Antonio-class amphibious transport dock, Freedom-class and Independence-class Littoral Combat Ships and the Singaporean Army Bionix II armoured fighting vehicle (30mm Mk44 Bushmaster II).
- The HEI projectile is designed to damage its target in one or both of two ways: via a high-explosive charge and/or via its incendiary (fire-causing) effects.
- Unexploded items of this type are most often found in/near areas used by air forces for aircraft firing practices or air force bases typically on or just below the ground surface.

Technical Data

A variety of differing models have been used in Australia – both Commonwealth and US designs. Despite minor differences, they are all approximately the same in their appearance, composition and method of operation.

Munition length : approx. 195-200 mm (Australia/Commonwealth/NATO variants)

♠ Projectile length : approx. 85-90 mm

Projectile diameter : maximum diameter 30 mm

🍧 Total weight : Munition – approx 490-500 grams, Projectile – approx 250 g.

Fuse/Burster : Contains a simple explosive fuse which can be easily detonated.

Filling : approx 25-50 g high explosive and an incendiary composition.

- The body of the munition is usually plain brass however the projectile may have one or more bands of colour (depending on the specific type of munition).
- Red or yellow bands/stripes were most often used to denote HE munitions however other colours may have been used or colours may have faded over time. Treat all found munitions as dangerous.

Images



Figure 1 - Size comparison of common conventional rifle ammunition and 30mm aircraft ammunition



Figure 2 - ADF personnel service a Tiger helicopter's 30 mm cannon

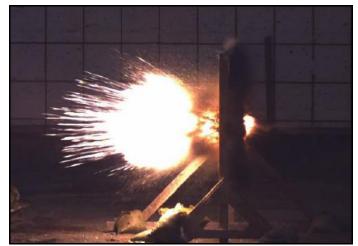


Figure 3 - Effects of 30mm HEI-T projectile



Figure 4 - 30mm practice round found on Quail Island, NT fired from a Mirage fighter



Figure 5 - Expended 30mm projectiles on an air force firing range awaiting collection